Outlineoffungi.org - Note 579 *Isthmomyces*

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Isthmomyces Z.F. Yu, M. Qiao & R.F. Castañeda

<u>Isthmomyces</u> was introduced by <u>Qiao et al. (2021)</u>, typified by the saprobic <u>Isthmomyces oxysporus</u> as the type species, was collected from an aquatic habitat in southern China. The hyphomycetous genus <u>Isthmomyces</u> is similar to <u>Isthmolongispora</u> in having polyblastic, denticulate, sympodial conidiogenous cells and fusiform isthmo-conidia. However, <u>Isthmomyces</u> differs from <u>Isthmolongispora</u> in having schizolytic, while <u>Isthmolongispora</u> has rhexolytic conidial secession (<u>Qiao et al. 2021</u>). According to the phylogenetic analysis based on LSU and ITS sequence data, <u>Isthmomyces</u> is placed in <u>Microthyriales</u> (<u>Qiao et al. 2021</u>).

Reference

Qiao M, Zheng H, Guo J, Rafael F et al. 2021 – Two new asexual genera and six new asexual species in the family *Microthyriaceae* (*Dothideomycetes*, *Ascomycota*) from China. Mycokeys 85, 1–30. https://doi.org/10.3897/mycokeys.85.70829

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